

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Withdrawn) A projection optical system for enlarged projection from a primary image surface existing at a reducing side to a secondary image surface existing at an enlarging side, comprising:  
a first optical system that forms an intermediate image of the primary image surface; and  
a second optical system having a concave reflector that forms the secondary image surface according to the intermediate image,  
wherein a light beam travels from the center of the primary image surface to the center of the secondary image surface, crosses an optical axis of the first optical system, reflects on the concave reflector, crosses the optical axis again, and reaches the secondary image surface.
2. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 1,  
wherein the first optical system and the second optical system include surfaces that are rotationally symmetric about a common optical axis.
3. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 2,  
wherein the second optical system comprises only the concave reflector.
4. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 2,  
wherein the second optical system has a convex reflector toward an enlarging side or reducing side of the concave reflector.

5. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 2,  
wherein the first optical system forms the intermediate image toward the primary image surface  
rather than the concave reflector of the second optical system.

6. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 5,  
wherein conditional equation (1) below is satisfied where  $L_s$  is a length along the optical axis  
between a light entrance surface and a light exist surface of the first optical system and  $S_i$  is a  
distance along the optical axis between the light entrance surface of the first optical system and  
the intermediate image.

(1)  $S_i/L_s < 2$

7. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 5, wherein conditional  
equation (2) below is satisfied where  $S_{12}$  is a distance between the first optical system and the  
concave reflector and  $R$  is a paraxial curvature radius of the concave reflector.

(2)  $S_{12} > |R|/2$

8. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 4,  
wherein conditional equation (3) below is satisfied where SR12 is a distance along the optical  
axis between the convex reflector and the concave reflector.

(3)  $SR12 > |R|/2$

9. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 2,  
wherein the concave reflector is a rotationally symmetric and aspheric surface about the optical  
axis.

10. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 9,  
wherein a function indicating a shape of the rotationally symmetric and aspheric surface  
contains an aspheric coefficient of odd-numbered degree.

11. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 9,  
wherein the concave reflector is shaped to decrease a curvature against a paraxial curved  
surface as the concave reflector becomes distant from the optical axis.

12. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according to claim 4,  
wherein the convex reflector contains at least one rotationally symmetric and aspheric surface.

13. (Withdrawn) The projection optical system according any of to claims 2 through 5,  
wherein the first optical system contains one or more rotationally symmetric and aspheric  
surfaces.

14. (Currently Amended) A projection-type image display apparatus comprising:

a light source;  
modulation means for modulating and outputting light radiated from the light source  
based on a video signal; and  
a projection optical system for enlarged projection from a primary image surface toward  
the modulation means to a secondary image surface toward a screen,  
wherein the projection optical system includes:  
a first optical system that forms an intermediate image of the primary image surface; and  
a second optical system having a concave reflector that forms a secondary image  
corresponding to the secondary image surface according to the intermediate image,  
wherein a light beam travels from the center of the primary image surface to the center  
of the secondary image surface, crosses an optical axis of the first optical system, reflects on  
the concave reflector, crosses the optical axis again, and reaches the secondary image surface.

15. (Original) The projection-type image display apparatus according to claim 14,  
wherein the first optical system and the second optical system include surfaces that are  
rotationally symmetric about a common optical axis.

16. (Original) The projection-type image display apparatus according to claim 14,  
wherein the screen is transmissive;  
wherein the screen is disposed at the front of a cabinet that contains the light source, the  
modulation means, and the projection optical system; and  
wherein the projection optical system provides enlarged projection onto the transmissive  
screen from its rear.

17. (Original) The projection-type image display apparatus according to claim 16,

wherein the projection optical system is provided at the bottom of the cabinet; and  
wherein there is provided a plane mirror that is disposed at the top of the cabinet,  
reflects light output from the projection optical system, and deflect the light so as to reach the  
transmissive screen.

18. (Original) The projection-type image display apparatus according to claim 17,  
wherein the second optical system forms a pupil for the intermediate image onto the  
secondary image surface outside a light flux traveling from the plane mirror to the transmissive  
screen surface.

19. (Original) The projection-type image display apparatus according to claim 14,  
wherein a light beam travels from the center of the primary image surface to the center  
of the secondary image surface and crosses the optical axis within a vertical plane; and  
wherein there is provided reflection means that reflects the light beam between the first  
and second optical systems and deflects the light beam within a horizontal plane.

20. (Currently Amended) The projection-type image display apparatus according to any of  
claims 14 through 19, comprising:

at least one plane reflector for freely directing a light path reflected on the concave  
reflector,

wherein conditional equation (4) below is satisfied where  $[\square] \underline{\theta}$  is an angle formed  
between the screen and an outmost light beam that is directed toward the screen from a plane  
reflector positioned immediately before the screen and passes a position farthest from the  
screen.

$$(4) \quad 0.6 > [[\tan \square]] \underline{\theta} > 0.05$$